

Cornell University **Cooperative Extension**



'TOP' TREES FOR LIGHT SHADE

By Pat Curran

Relatively long-lived, disease/pest resistant, winter-hardy, good foliage quality

Trees for Light Shade

Comments

- Acer griseum, paperbark maple attractive exfoliation at a young age
- Acer japonicum 'Aconitifolium', fullmoon maple; red fall foliage; shrubby;
- Acer pensylvanicum, moosewood, striped maple; native understory tree •
- (Acer pensylvanicum 'Erythrocladum', red striped bark variety)
- Asimina triloba, pawpaw

edible fruit, native nearby, nice foliage

- Carpinus betulus, European hornbeam tough, adaptable, used in hedges too
- Carpinus caroliniana, musclewood, American hornbeam adaptable; tolerates occasional flooding; native showy spring blooms; self sows
- Cercis canadensis, redbud
- Chamaecyparis nootkatensis, Nookta false cypress; handsome evergreen specimen
- Cornus alternifolia, pagoda dogwood fruit for birds; native; layered effect large shade tree
- Magnolia acuminata, cucumber tree
- Nyssa sylvatica, black gum

- consistent fall color; native
- Sciadopitys verticillata, Japanese umbrella-pine evergreen to protect from winter wind and sun •
- Stewartia pseudocamellia, Japanese stewartia
- four-season interest

Reference:

Native Plants of the Northeast: A Guide for Gardening & Cultivation, Donald J. Leopold (professor at SUNY ESF, Syracuse)

Manual of Woody Landscape Plants: Their Identification, Ornamental Characteristics, Culture, Propagation and Uses, Sixth Edition, Michael Dirr (invaluable and comprehensive, but no color pictures)

Dirr's Encyclopedia of Trees & Shrubs, Michael Dirr (great color pictures, but not as comprehensive) Shrubs & Vines for American Gardens, Trees for American Gardens, 2 books by Donald Wyman (older references with great plant lists, but do not use USDA hardiness zones)

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